## **Serbia** (2011; 2010-2015; 78 pgs.)

The Serbian NAP is unique in that the Ministry of Defense was charged the lead role in its development. In terms of content, it calls for the establishment of three bodies – the Political Council (a high level political body to create political conditions necessary for realization of NAP objectives), the Multi-sector Coordination Body as the operational body of the Serbian Government, and the Supervisory Body as a democratic monitoring mechanism overseeing the implementation of the NAP. Finally, the Serbian NAP has a specific strategic object of enlisting the support of media outlets to support objectives laid out in the NAP.

Drafting	1	Leading Agents	Ministry of Defense
	2	Involved Parties	Ministry of Internal Affairs, Ministry of Finance, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Security Information Agency, Ministry of Justice, Ministry of Human and Minority Rights, Ministry of Labour and Social Policy, Ministry of Public Administration and Local Self-Government, Ministry of Education and the Ministry for Kosovo and Metohija
	3	Civil Society Involvement	Not specified
Implementation	4	Timeline	Specified
	5	Roles	Specified
	6	Communication	Specified; Multi-sectoral Coordinating Body (MSCB) to be established, composed of representatives of the relevant ministries
	7	Priority Areas	<ol> <li>Increase the proportion of women in the security sector and their impact on issues related to peace and security</li> <li>Increase the participation and influence of women in decision-making in defence and security</li> <li>Increase the participation of women in conflict resolution, post-conflict situations, and in multinational operations</li> <li>Use instruments of legal protection for women</li> <li>Educate and support professional development of security sector employees</li> </ol>
	8	Financial Allocation	Funds to be provided by the Ministry of Finance based on needs of relevant ministries; also references gender-responsive analysis of the budgets of relevant institutions and organizations in the security sector
	9	Partnership(s)	Mentions possibility to work with UNIFEM, OSCE Mission to Serbia, the EU and other partners
Monitoring and Evaluation	10	Indicators	Not specified
	11	Reporting	Supervisory Body, comprising of representatives of relevant Parliamentary committees and gender equality mechanism, to be established by the National Parliament. Will get reports from the National Council and MSCB every six months to monitor implementation progress.
	12	Civil Society Monitoring	Non-specific; mentions independent monitoring to be carried out by public in general but with participation of appropriate government bodies