



THE PRESIDENT  
OF THE  
GENERAL ASSEMBLY

12 September 2018

Excellency,

I have the honour to enclose herewith a letter dated 12 September 2018 from H.E. Mr. Jerry Matjila, Permanent Representative of South Africa to the United Nations and H.E. Ms. Geraldine Byrne Nason, Permanent Representative of Ireland to the United Nations, the co-facilitators for the Nelson Mandela Peace Summit. In this regard I am honoured to share the final draft of the political declaration to be adopted on 24 September 2018.

This final draft is under silence procedure until Friday 14 September 2018 at 2:00 p.m.

I would like to take this opportunity to extend my appreciation to the cofacilitators for ably leading the consultations and to all parties for their constructive engagement.

Please accept, Excellency, the assurances of my highest consideration.



Miroslav Lajčák

All Permanent Representatives and  
Permanent Observers to the United Nations  
New York



12 September 2018

Mr. President,

We are honoured to submit to you the final draft of the political declaration to be adopted at the Nelson Mandela Peace Summit.

The final draft of the political declaration is based on the general understanding reached in the last informal consultations on Monday, 7 September 2018. We have had very constructive engagements throughout the ten informal consultations with Member States which have provided useful insights on views on the legacy of Nelson Mandela and peace in the world today. We have actively listened to the diverse views and concerns and the text has been continually refined based on the broad consensus in the room. We have also utilised consensually adopted agreed language as the basis for addressing areas of outstanding concern for delegations.

We kindly request your office to circulate the final draft of the political declaration to be adopted at the Nelson Mandela Peace Summit under silence procedure until 2pm on Friday 14 September 2018.

We are deeply appreciative of the flexibility and cooperation shown by Member States in moving closer to consensus and grateful for the spirit of solidarity and compromise that have been displayed in this landmark document in honour of the values and life of Nelson Mandela.

Please accept the assurance of our highest consideration



Jerry M Matjila  
Co-facilitator  
Permanent Representative  
of the Republic of South Africa  
to the United Nations



Geraldine Byrne Nason  
Co-facilitator  
Permanent Representative  
of Ireland  
to the United Nations

**To: President of the 72<sup>nd</sup> Session of the General Assembly  
New York**

## **POLITICAL DECLARATION TO BE ADOPTED AT THE NELSON MANDELA PEACE SUMMIT**

We, Heads of State and Government and representatives of States and Governments, meet at the United Nations Headquarters in New York on 24 September 2018, at the Nelson Mandela Peace Summit to reflect on global peace, in honour of the centenary of the birth of Nelson Mandela.

1. We salute his qualities of humility, forgiveness and compassion, his values and his dedication to the service of humanity, as a humanitarian, in the fields of conflict resolution, disarmament, race relations, promotion and protection of human rights, reconciliation, gender equality, the rights of children and people in vulnerable situations, as well as the upliftment of poor and underdeveloped communities. We acknowledge his contribution to the struggle for democracy internationally and promotion of a culture of peace throughout the world.
2. We commit to redouble our efforts to build a just, peaceful, prosperous, inclusive and fair world, and revive the values for which Nelson Mandela stood by placing human dignity at the centre of our actions. We commit to demonstrating mutual respect, tolerance, understanding and reconciliation in our relations.
3. We recognize that the world has changed significantly since the founding of the United Nations, and acknowledge that global peace eludes us to this day. We, the leaders of the world today, more than ever assume a special responsibility for our words and actions in shaping a world free of fear and want. Conflict is born out of the minds of humanity, and we are the people who can find sustainable solutions to bring a lasting peace, today and for future generations. We recognize the importance of our addressing threats to global peace and security, including challenges to the primacy of multilateralism.
4. We reaffirm the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations and the Universal Declaration of Human Rights that serve as our common and universal vision. As we observe the 70<sup>th</sup> Anniversary of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, we recall its foundational principle that all human beings are born free and equal in dignity and rights, and are endowed with reason and conscience and should act towards one another in a spirit of brotherhood.
5. We also reaffirm our commitment to uphold the sovereign equality of all States, respect for their territorial integrity and political independence and the duty of Member States to refrain in their international relations from the threat or use of force in any manner inconsistent with the purposes and principles of the United Nations, and to uphold the resolution of disputes by peaceful means and in conformity with the principles of justice and international law, the right to self-determination of peoples which remain under colonial domination or foreign occupation, non-interference in the internal affairs of States, respect for human rights and fundamental freedoms, respect for the equal rights of all without distinction as to

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race, sex, language or religion, international cooperation in solving international problems of an economic, social, cultural or humanitarian character and the fulfilment in good faith of the obligations assumed in accordance with the Charter.

6. We recognise that peace and security, development and human rights are the pillars of the United Nations system and the foundations for collective security and well-being, and recognise that development, peace and security and human rights are interlinked and mutually reinforcing.
7. We reaffirm the 2030 Agenda on Sustainable Development and recognise that eradicating poverty in all its forms and dimensions, including extreme poverty, is the greatest global challenge and an indispensable requirement for sustainable development. We remain committed to achieving sustainable development in its three dimensions - economic, social and environmental – in a balanced and integrated manner. Sustainable development cannot be realized without peace and security; and peace and security will be at risk without sustainable development. We reaffirm our pledge that no one will be left behind.
8. We recognise that the respect for the inherent dignity and the equal and inalienable rights, as well as the fundamental freedoms, of all members of the human family is the foundation of inclusivity justice and peace in the world. We declare that racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and related intolerance represent the very opposite of the noble purposes of the United Nations. We recognise that tolerance of cultural, ethnic, racial and religious diversities is essential for lasting peace, understanding and friendship among peoples, nations, civilisations, cultures and individuals. We all constitute one human family. We therefore commit to not let our differences limit our common purpose and universal vision, to build on what unites us and explore creative ways to bridge what divides us.
9. We resolve to move beyond words in the promotion of peaceful, just, inclusive and non-discriminatory societies, stressing the importance of the equal participation and full involvement of women and the meaningful participation of youth in all efforts for the maintenance and promotion of peace and security, and redouble our efforts to ensure that women, youth and children are free from all forms of violence, fear, discrimination and abuse.
10. We recognise the contribution of women to the advancement of societies, and their contribution to the prevention and resolution of conflicts at different levels. We are committed to the promotion and protection of, and respect for, the human rights of all women and girls, working to ensure full gender equality and the elimination of all forms of discrimination and violence against women and girls as well as empowering them to realize their full potential.

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11. We resolve to ensure the protection, rights and well-being of children, especially in armed conflict, so they can realise their dreams and grow up without fear, discrimination and exclusion. Protecting children contributes to breaking the cycle of violence and sows the seed for future peace.
12. We affirm the responsibility of each individual state to protect their populations from genocide, war crimes, ethnic cleansing and crimes against humanity, and recognise the need to mobilise the collective wisdom, capabilities and political will of the international community to encourage and help states to exercise this responsibility upon their request. We need to strengthen our capacities, to prevent, contain or end conflicts, in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations and international law.
13. We acknowledge the incontrovertible truth that conflict is in all ways more costly than preventative diplomacy. No effort should be spared to settle conflicts through peaceful means. We therefore express our full support for the work of the United Nation and strive to support peace processes, conflict prevention and resolution efforts, peacebuilding and post-conflict reconstruction and development.
14. We encourage parties to armed conflict to take immediate, concrete measures to end cycles of conflict and prevent relapse. We recognise the role of multiple actors in armed conflict, including non-state actors, and urge all parties to comply with their obligations under international law, including international humanitarian law. We declare our good offices available to those who need them.
15. We recognise that there is no single template for peace, but there is a long and varied history of successful and unsuccessful resolution of conflicts that can serve as best practices for the negotiated settlement and peaceful resolution of conflicts. We commit to availing our best practice to those who seek different models for peace. Dialogue is key, and courage is needed to take the first steps to build trust and gain momentum. We therefore declare our full support to good faith negotiations.
16. In this regard, we note that the United Nations, regional and sub-regional organisations have a multitude of tools and mechanisms to support peace and express our desire to continue to review the effectiveness of the tools at our disposal to the armed conflicts at hand. We commit to ensuring lines of communication are maintained between parties during conflict resolution efforts to prevent unnecessary escalation and loss of trust. We commit to finding credible interlocutors to engage with all the parties to an armed conflict to ensure a just and lasting peace.
17. We acknowledge that civil society can play an important role in preventing conflicts, contributing to peacebuilding and advancing efforts to sustain peace. We recognise further that a wide range of good offices exist that can play an important role across the peace

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continuum depending on the nature of the conflict, including current and former Heads of State and Government, groups such as the Elders, the African Union's Panel of the Wise, traditional leaders, religious leaders, cultural leaders, community leaders, business leaders, women's and youth representatives, academics, sports personalities, and celebrities. Sports and the arts, in particular, have the power to change perceptions, prejudices and behaviours, as well as to inspire people, to break down racial and political barriers, combat discrimination and defuse conflict.

18. We emphasise the importance of a comprehensive approach to sustaining peace, particularly through the prevention of conflict and addressing its root causes, strengthening the rule of law at the international and national levels, and promoting sustained and sustainable economic growth, poverty eradication, social development, sustainable development, national reconciliation and unity, including through inclusive dialogue and mediation, access to justice and transitional justice, accountability, good governance, democracy, accountable institutions, gender equality and respect for, and protection of, human rights and fundamental freedoms. We reaffirm the importance of national ownership and leadership in peacebuilding, whereby the responsibility for sustaining peace is broadly shared by the Government and all other national stakeholders.
19. It is clear that lasting peace is not realized just by the absence of armed conflict, but is achieved through a continuing positive, dynamic, inclusive, participatory process of dialogue and engagement that resolves all outstanding issues in a spirit of mutual respect and understanding, cooperation and long-term vision. We recognize that to prevent the recurrence of crises, to ensure social cohesion, nation-building, ownership and inclusiveness, ending impunity and ensuring accountability, including through international justice mechanisms, transitional justice and reconciliation are key to post-conflict nation building and development.
20. We recognise that peacebuilding and sustaining peace require significant post-conflict support for moving towards recovery, reconstruction, and development. The cycle of conflict should not be allowed to continue, including through the unintended consequences of the premature withdrawal of support and international attention. Sustainable peace requires sustained attention, commitment and investment.
21. We welcome the example set by South Africa in unilaterally dismantling its nuclear weapon programme and recall the firm plea by Nelson Mandela in favour of the total elimination of nuclear weapons.

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**Our common humanity demands that we must make the impossible possible. We seek the conversion of heart and mind that can make a difference for future generations. We therefore,**

22. Recognize the period 2019 to 2028 as the Nelson Mandela Decade of Peace and call on all Member States to redouble efforts to pursue international peace and security, development and human rights in this Decade;<sup>1</sup>
23. Welcome the establishment of the United Nations High-Level Advisory Board on Mediation and encourages its further efforts and contribution to the maintenance of international peace and security, and prevention of armed conflicts, including through the use of its good offices;
24. Reaffirm the aims of the United Nations Nelson Rolihlahla Mandela Prize and the United Nations Prize in the field of Human Rights, and encourage the President of the General Assembly and the Secretary-General to work together to raise awareness of these prizes in order to strengthen the United Nation's recognition and celebration of its values, purposes and principles, which reflect the values for which Nelson Mandela stood.
25. In the spirit of Nelson Mandela's legacy and recognizing the intergenerational pledge of dignity and security which underpins the United Nations Charter, recommend that the United Nations explore means to systematically consider the needs of present and Future Generations, including through inter-generational dialogue, within its decision-making processes;

As we rise from the General Assembly Chamber here today, we collectively hold ourselves accountable to the values and principles of this Declaration, to strive for a just, peaceful, prosperous, democratic, fair, equitable and inclusive world, and call on our people to celebrate the richness of our diversity, the collective creativity and wisdom of our elders, the wellbeing and survival of mother earth, and call on our youth, artists, sports personalities, musicians and poets to breathe new life into the values and principles of the United Nations.

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<sup>1</sup> Member States are encouraged to continue activities in support of the Nelson Mandela Decade of Peace through voluntary contributions